

APPENDIX B

To Consent Decree

OU4, commonly known as Upper California Gulch, shall mean the area hydrologically drained by California Gulch from immediately upstream of the Yak Portal to the headwaters of the gulch. The area covers approximately 2.4 square miles and contains mine waste piles, mill tailing and fluvial tailing material.

OU8, commonly known as Lower California Gulch, shall mean the 500-year floodplain of California Gulch from immediately below the boundary of OU1 to the point of the confluence of California Gulch with the Arkansas River, including the Colorado Zinc Lead Tailing Impoundment. The point of confluence is defined as the location where the western boundary of OU8 meets the eastern boundary of the 500-year floodplain of the Arkansas River, including the former Colorado Zinc Lead Tailing as defined in the Draft Tailing Impoundment Remedial Investigation Report, February 1992, Chapter 6, as previously located in California Gulch, north of U.S. Highway 24, approximately one mile southwest of Leadville, and directly northwest of the Stringtown area. OU8 shall not include tributaries to California Gulch, the Apache tailing impoundments (OU7), the Colorado Zinc Lead mill facility, the Denver and Rio Grande Western Railroad slag piles and railroad easements, and smelter sites.

OU10, commonly known as Oregon Gulch, shall mean the 500-year floodplain of Oregon Gulch from its headwaters to its confluence with Lower California Gulch. OU10 includes the Oregon Gulch Tailing Impoundment and former miscellaneous tailing and contaminated sediment previously located within the 500-year floodplain of Oregon Gulch.